



37TH INTERNATIONAL
NO - DIG
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THE CHOICE OF THE BEST TECHNOLOGY FOR LAYING AN UNDERGROUND PIPE. A SUCCESSFUL CASE: CROSSING THE ADDA RIVER WITH THE DIRECT PIPE METHOD

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I.CO.P. S.p.A., Basigliano (UD), Italy

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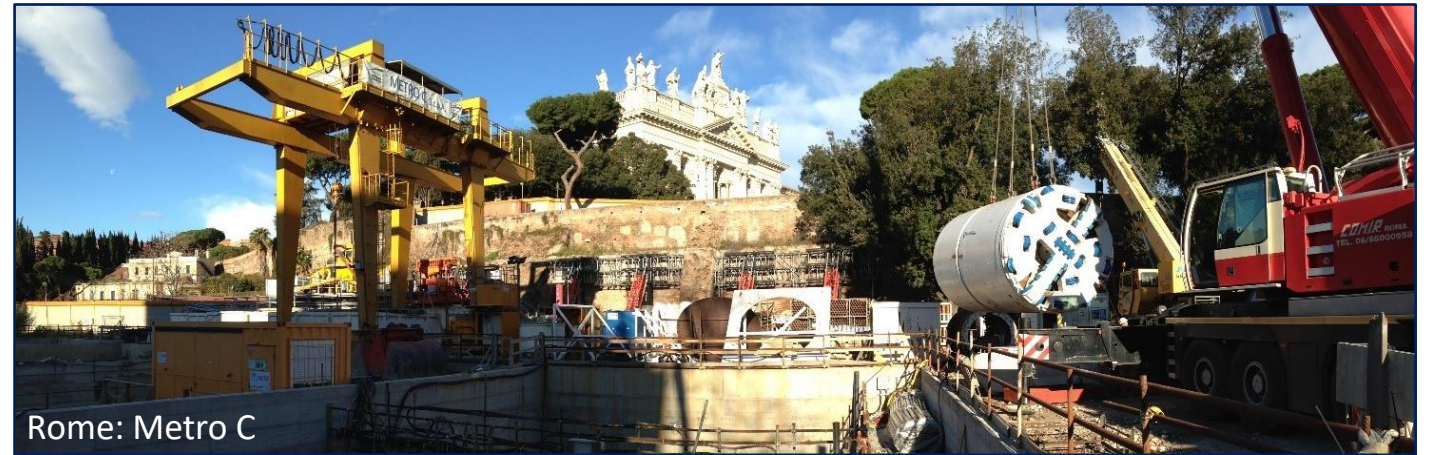
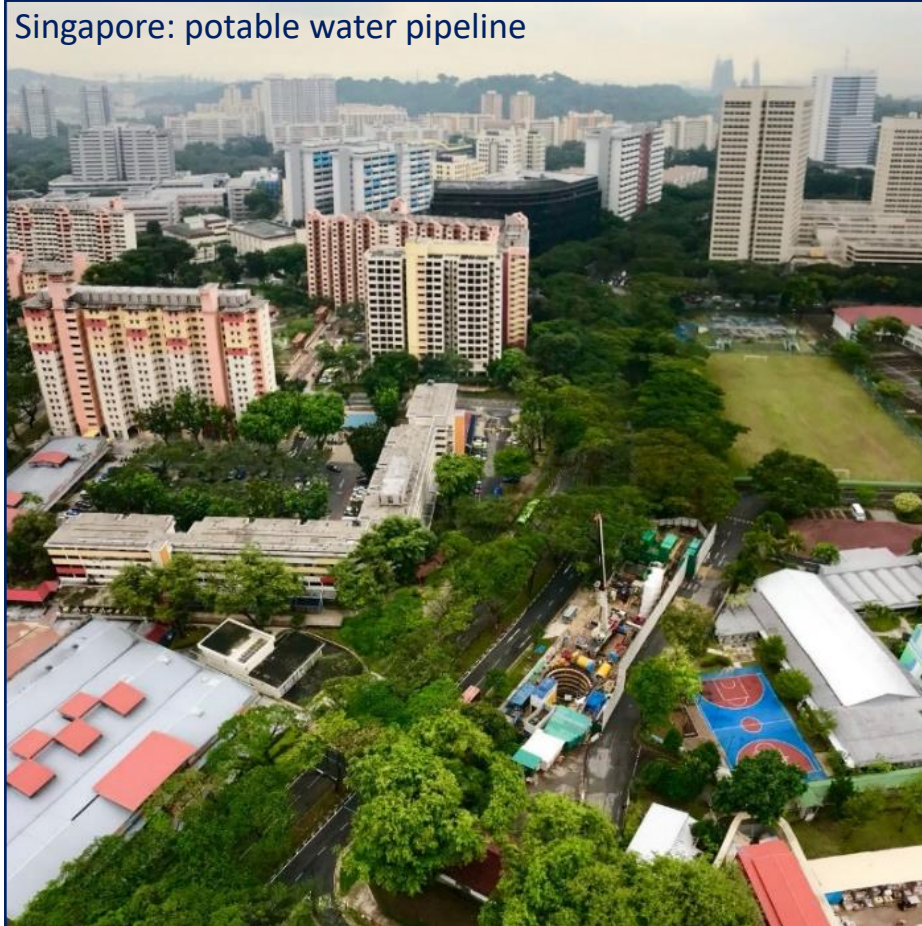
ONCE UPON A TIME ... MASTERPIECES



THE CHOICE OF THE BEST TECHNOLOGY FOR LAYING AN UNDERGROUND PIPE A SUCCESSFUL CASE: CROSSING THE ADDA RIVER WITH THE DIRECT PIPE METHOD

TODAY ... DISAPPEARING INTO THE GROUND

Singapore: potable water pipeline



ONE TASK ... MANY OPTIONS

- Several trenchless technologies available
- Selection of the best suited technology shall consider:
 - **Geological and hydrogeological** conditions
 - Local constraints (traffic, utilities, accessibility, ...)
 - **Environmental** requirements
 - Pipe characteristics (material, diameter, ...)
 - Crossing **geometry** (length, gradient, curvature, ...)
 - Required accuracy to ensure functionality
 - Execution **time schedule**
 - Available **budget**



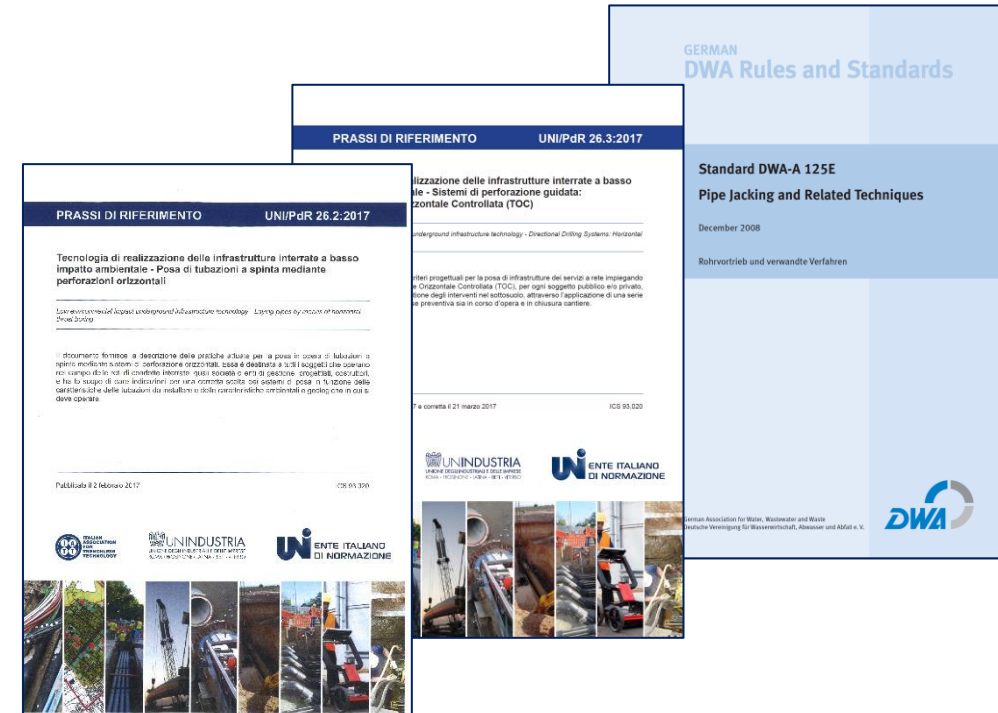
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SEARCHING FOR GUIDANCE

Main references for a **preliminary identification**:

- **German standard** DWA-A 125-2008 “*Pipe Jacking and Related Techniques*”
- **Procedures published by UNI** (Ente Italiano di Normazione) following proposal by IATT (Italian Association for Trenchless Technology):
 - UNI/PdR 26.03:2017 – *Technology for the construction of low environmental impact, underground infrastructures. Guided drilling systems: Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD)*;
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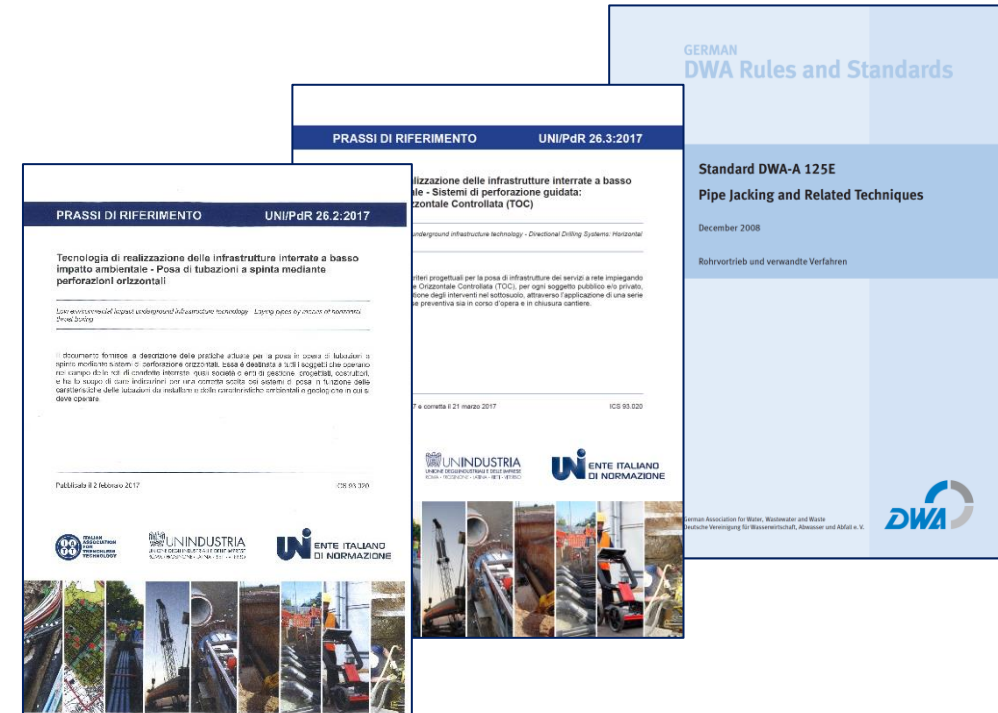
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Project specific investigations and risk assessments are necessary

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CASE STUDY - ADDA RIVER CROSSING

PROJECT: Potenziamento della rete di Vaprio d'Adda gas pipeline

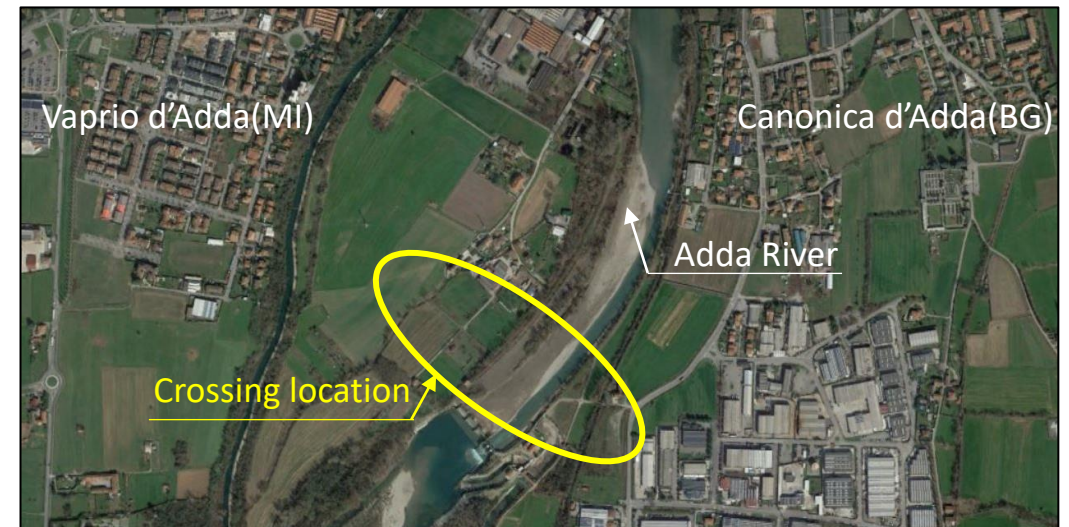
OWNER: Snam Rete Gas S.p.A.

CONTRACTOR: Pizio S.p.A.

PIPELINE DATA: Material: Steel pipe
Nominal diameter: ND = 8" (200mm)
Design pressure: DP = 12 bar

WORK: Underground crossing of Adda River and Parco dell'Adda Nord area

LOCATION: Vaprio d'Adda (MI) - Canonica d'Adda (BG)

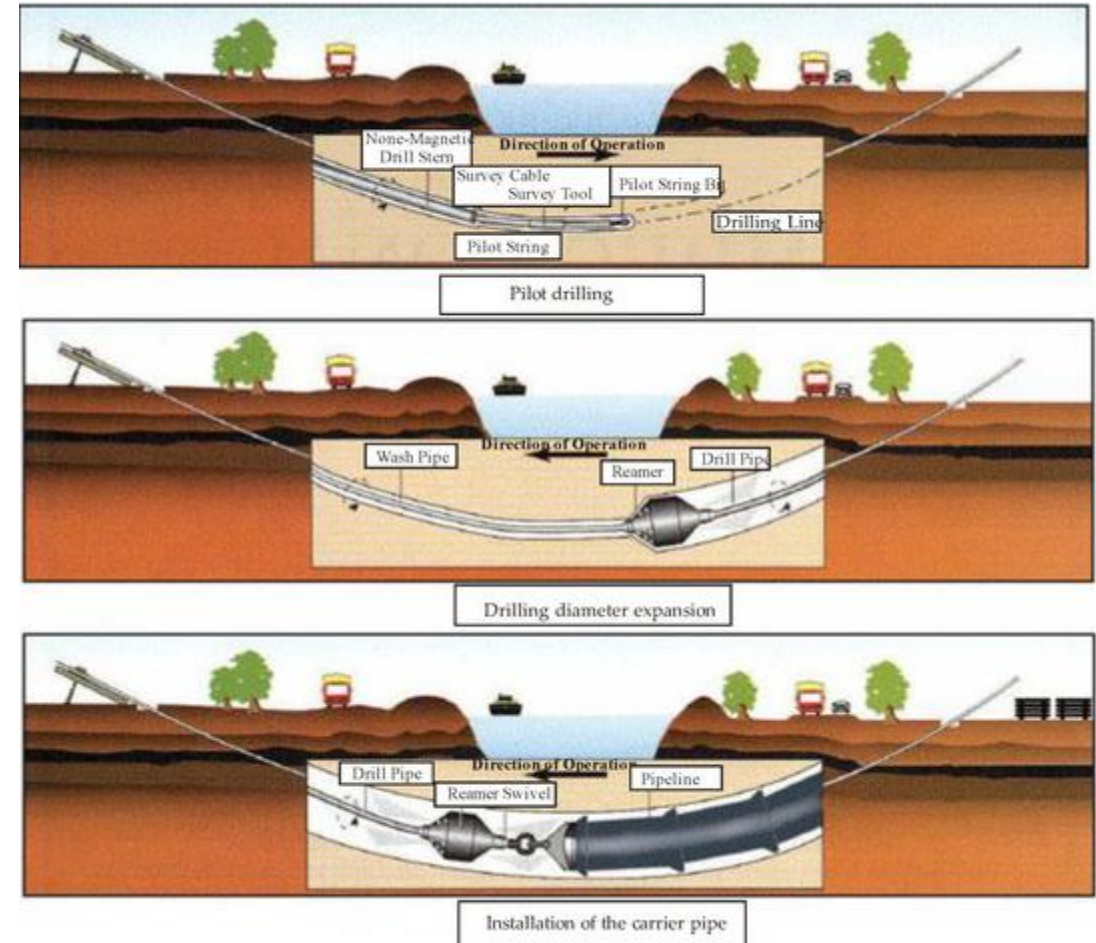


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FIRST APPROACH - HDD

DESIGN PHASE

Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD) selected technology to install 8" gas pipeline directly



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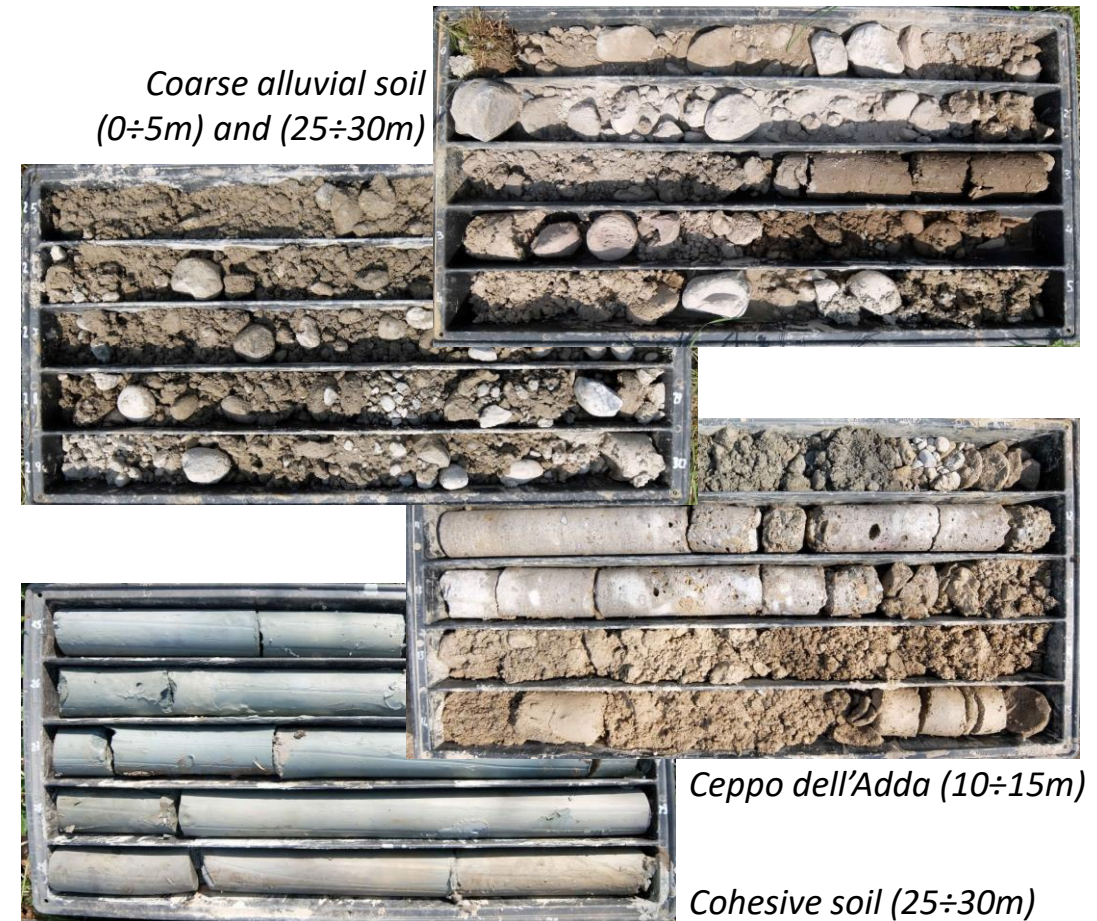
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WORK EXECUTION

Unexpectedly difficult geological conditions

- very **heterogeneous** soils: coarse **alluvial** soils, cemented **conglomerate** layers and **cohesive** soils



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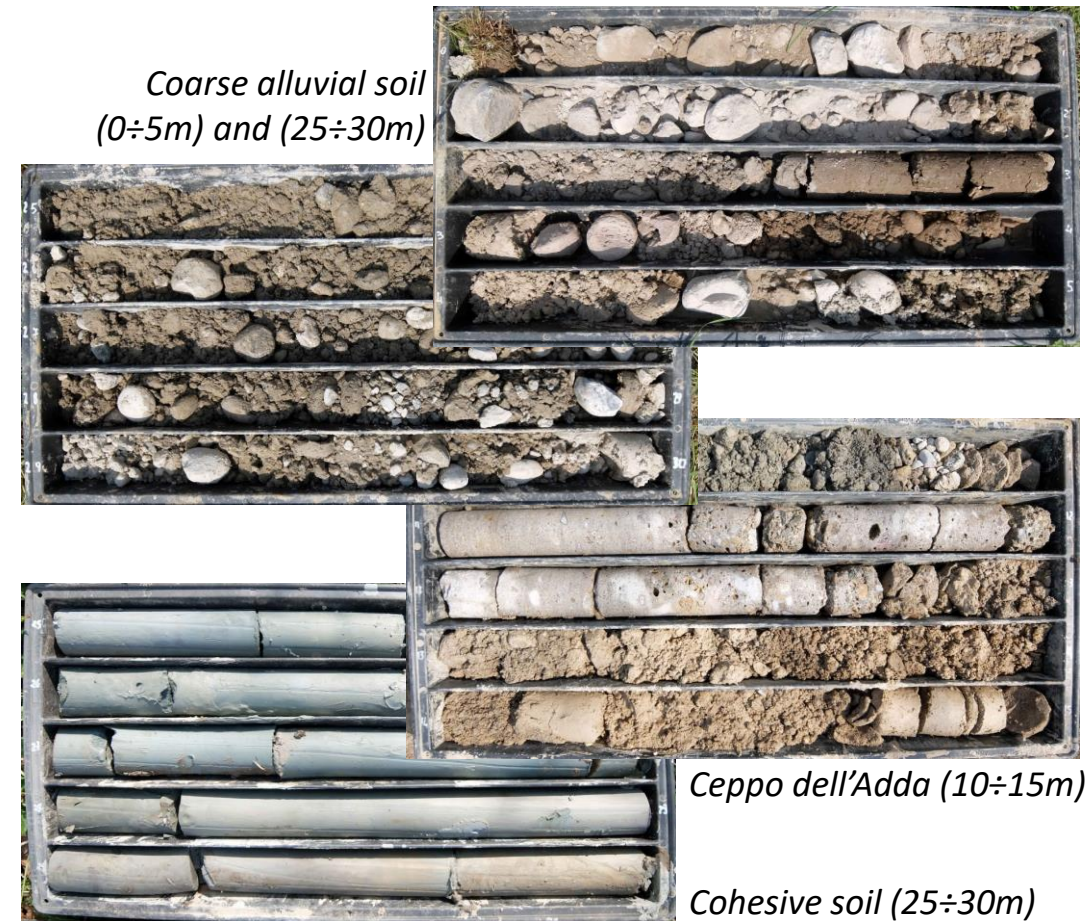
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➡ **Execution by HDD could not be completed**

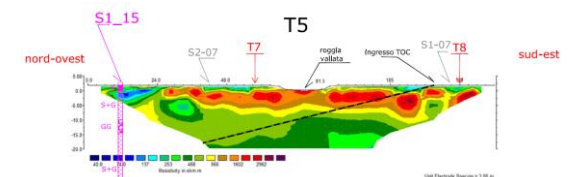
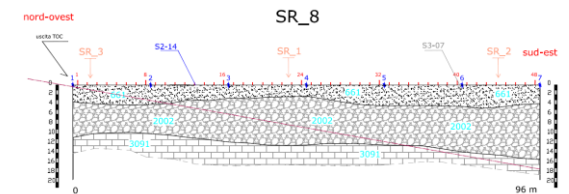
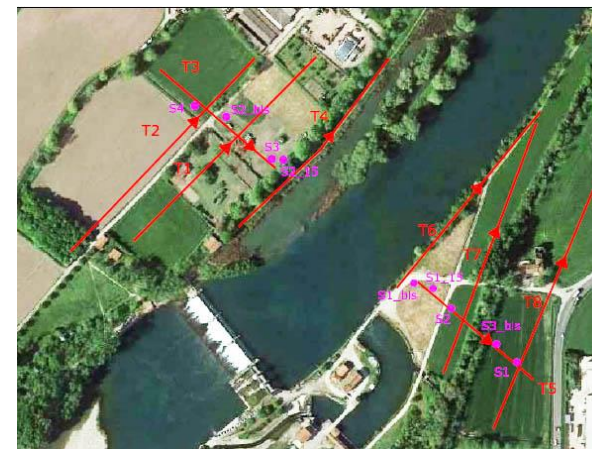


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INVESTIGATION OF ALTERNATIVE TECHNOLOGIES

ON SITE INVESTIGATIONS

Execution of **additional geognostic** investigations which revealed **greater presence of loose soils** than previously expected



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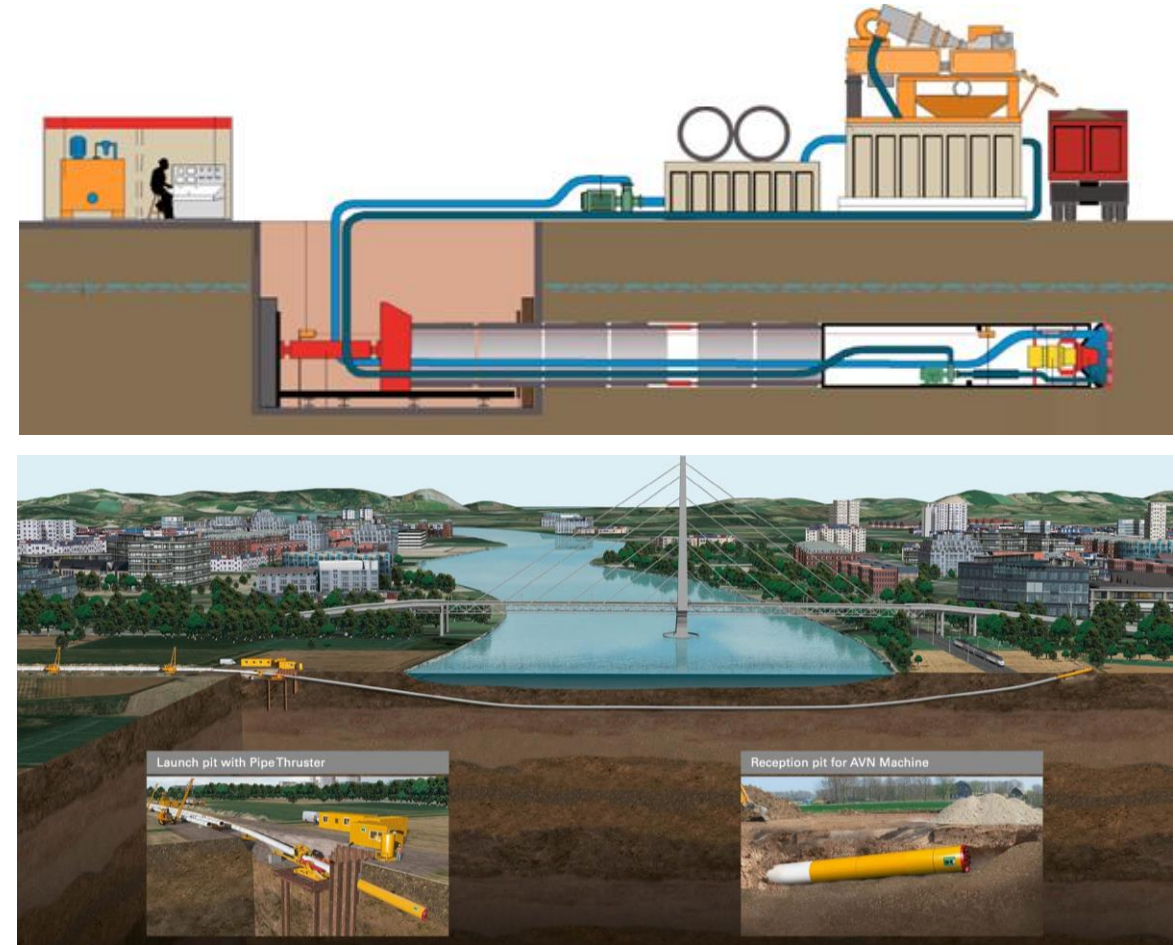
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FEASIBILITY AND RISK ASSESSMENTS

Evaluation of applicability and performance of alternative technologies:

- **microtunnelling** (concrete casing pipes)
- **direct pipe** (steel casing pipe)



INVESTIGATION OF ALTERNATIVE TECHNOLOGIES

DIRECT PIPE

- == Closed shield, full face excavation, **slurry support**
- == Steerable and **remotely controlled** machine
- == Permanent **borehole support**

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- + **Shallow** starting **shaft** (less groundwater interference)

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FINAL CHOICE - DIRECT PIPE

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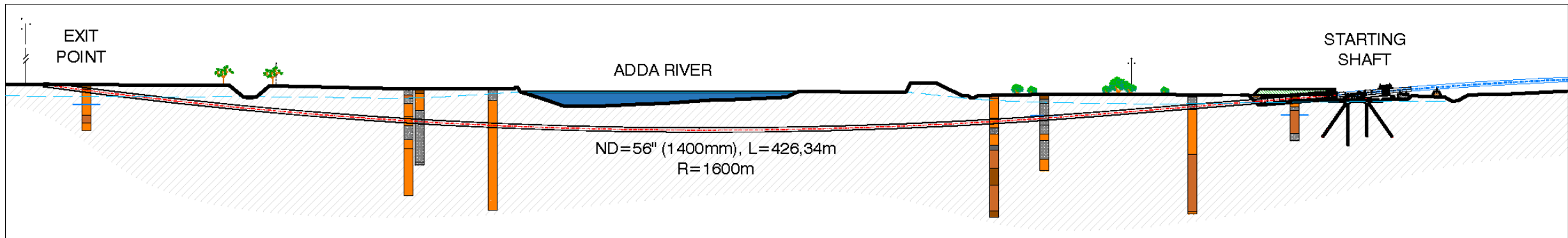
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DIRECT PIPE CROSSING DESIGN



DESCRIPTION	DATA
CROSSING LENGTH	426,34 m
CROSSING PROFILE	STRAIGHT SECTION (start): L = 98,37m - p = -7% CURVILINEAR SECTION: L = 327,97m - Rv = 1600 m
PIPE MATERIAL	STEEL + POLYURETHANE COATING
PIPE DIAMETER	ND = 1400mm (56") Thickness = 21,2mm

SOIL CONDITIONS ALONG THE DRIVE

- Coarse gravel with pebbles
- Coarse gravel with pebbles and presence of boulders
- Cemented layers of the *Ceppo dell'Adda* formation
- Coarse sand with gravel
- Groundwater depth: 1,5÷2,5m below ground elevation

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GETTING READY FOR THE JOB

A CHALLENGING SITUATION

- Complex, highly heterogeneous, soil conditions
- Shallow groundwater depth
- High ground permeability

AD HOC SOLUTIONS

- **Cutterhead** design: rock type specifically fabricated
- Special attention to **drilling parameters**
- Optimization of starting shaft design



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WORKING ON SITE

A SHALLOW STARTING SHAFT ...

Minimizing interference with groundwater

- Concrete bottom slab at ground elevation
- **Concrete casing** to launch TBM and prevent drilling fluid losses (low coverage)



... AND A LOW PIPELINE LAUNCH WAY

- No. 2 approx. 215m long pipeline strings
- No. 16 **rollers** on **concrete pillars** (1-2,2m)

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WORKING ON SITE

DIRECT PIPE INSTALLATION

EQUIPMENT	TYPE
MACHINE	AVN1200TC
CONTROL CABIN	M1427C
PIPE THRUSTER	HK750PT (7500 kN)
SEPARATION PLANT	Desander: BE425 + desilter Centrifuge: HK D46150F Flocculation: AFU 3000
MIXING PLANT	MAT SCW 14/25



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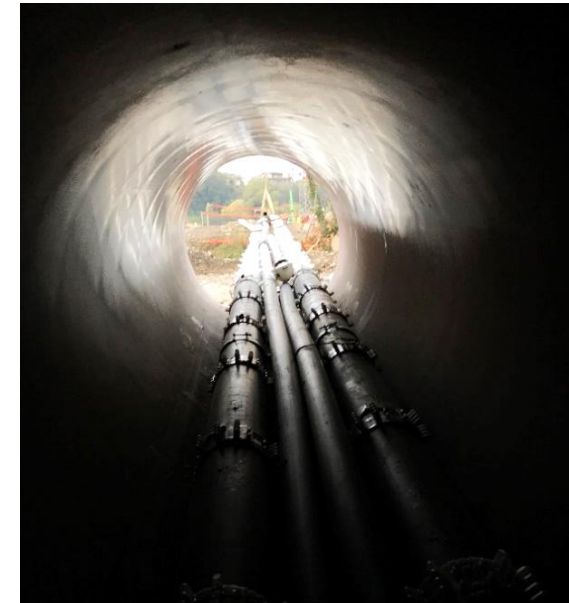


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WORKING ON SITE

PIPELINE PULL-IN AND TUNNEL GROUTING

- Two 8'' pipes were pulled inside the 56'' casing pipe
- Annular space between the casing pipe and the two 8'' pipes was grouted with a **cement-bentonite mixture**

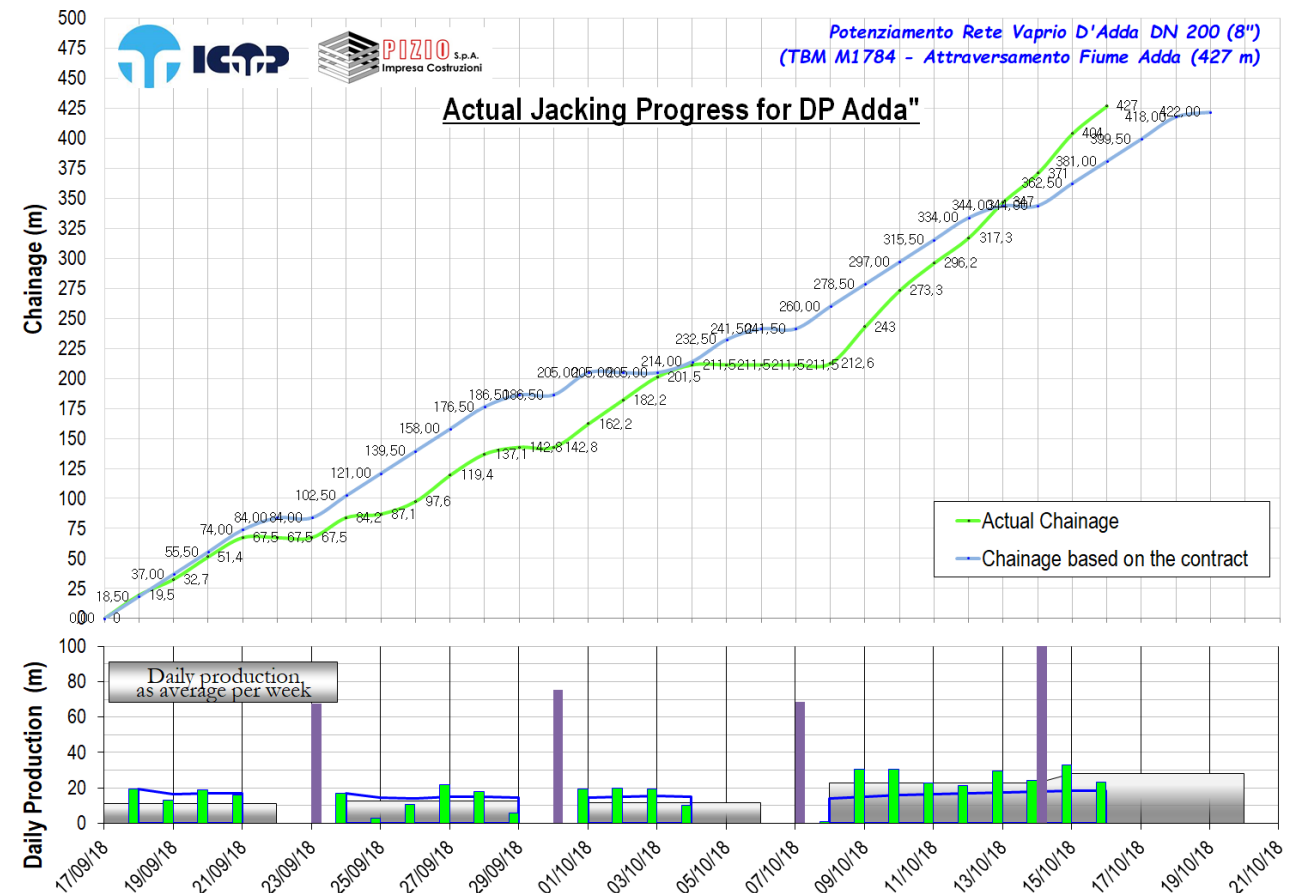
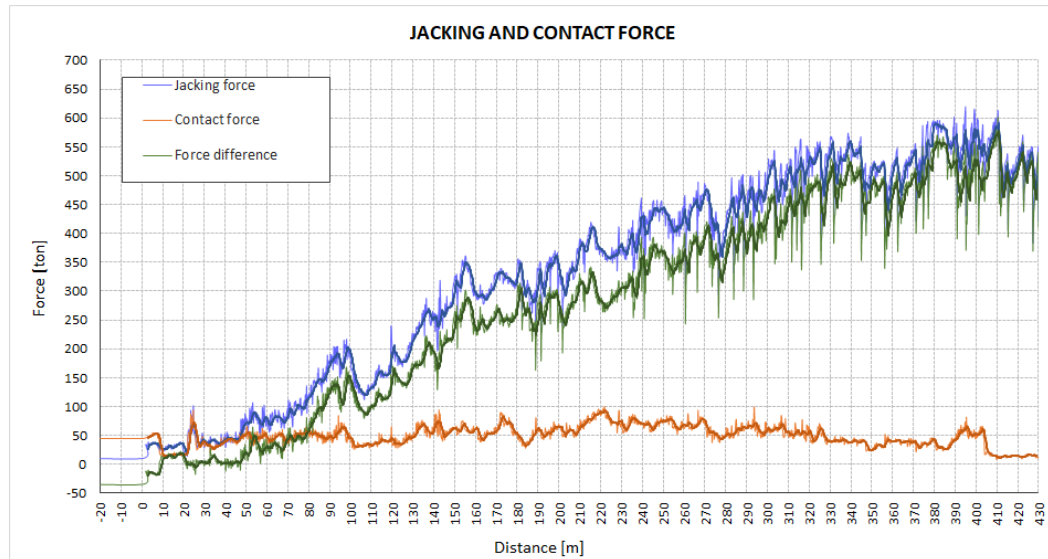


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A FEW DATA

- Entire project duration: **90 days**
- Average production: **18.5 m/day** on single shift
- Peak production: **33 m/day** on single shift
- Jacking force: 420 tons av. / **620 tons max.**



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ADDA RIVER – A CHALLENGING JOB

MAIN GOAL : “Invisible services”

MAJOR CHALLENGE: Choosing **best suited** no-dig technology

ALLIES:

- Regulatory** Instruments
- Lessons Learned**
- Thorough **Investigations**
- Accurate **Assessment**

... zero risk solutions do not exist but
experience helps!



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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

“To raise new questions, new possibilities, to regard old problems from a new angle, requires creative imagination and marks real advance in science.”

Albert Einstein

