

Fortezza da Basso • FLORENCE (Italy)

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Contact Mechanics and its Normalized Indices for Trenchless Cutting Associated with Machine Learning (Paper Ref # 2343)

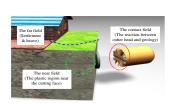
Author(s): Li-Hsien Chen, Jhih-Ping Huang, and Yao-Chung Chen

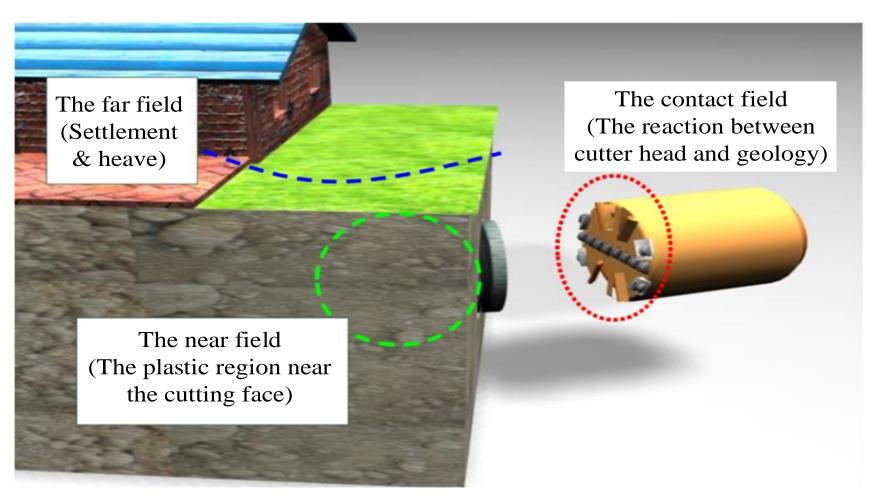


Motivation:

Make More Clear about Physical field:

- 1. Contact-;
- 2. Near-;
- 3. Far-field



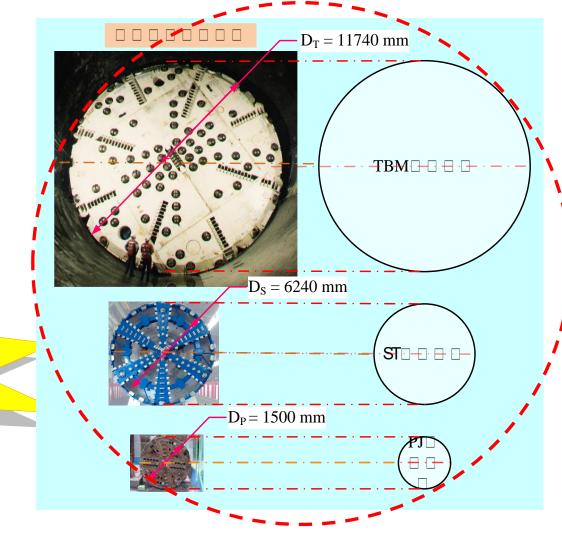


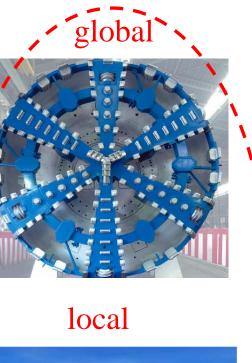
Mechanism of Trenchless Cutting





Motivation:







Possible to Generalize?



- Rule-based Method: Mechanical generalized thrust system
- Classical Contact Mechanics
- Normalized Indices

- 2. Data-driven Approach: Machine Learning
- Identification: Cutting Process & Indices above
- Prediction: Geo-conditions ahead of Cutting Face



- 1. Rule-based Method: Mechanical generalized thrust system
- Classical Contact Mechanics
- Normalized Indices



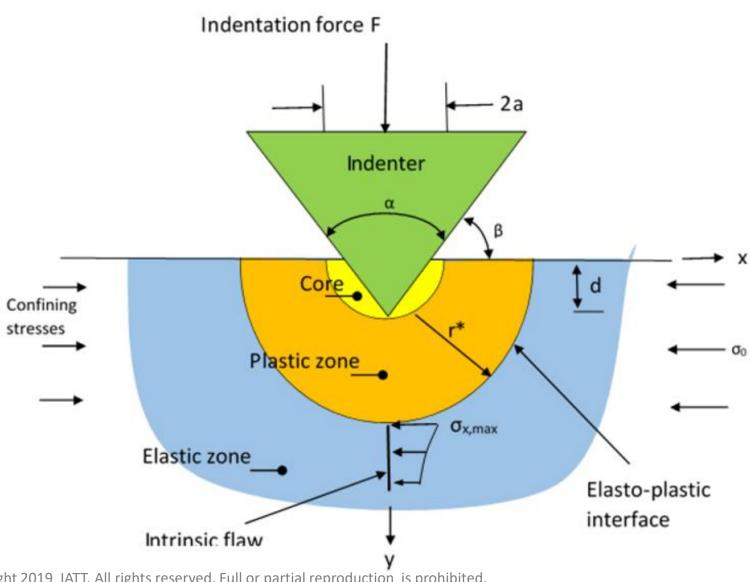
Governing Eqn.:

Cutting Breakage occurred on...

Critical Elasto-Plastic

Interface ξ*

(Huang, 2000; Chen, 2002)



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Governing Eqn.:

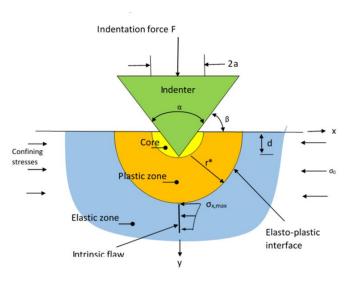
Cutting Breakage

occurred on...

Critical Elasto-Plastic

Interface ξ^*

(Huang, 2000; Chen, 2002)



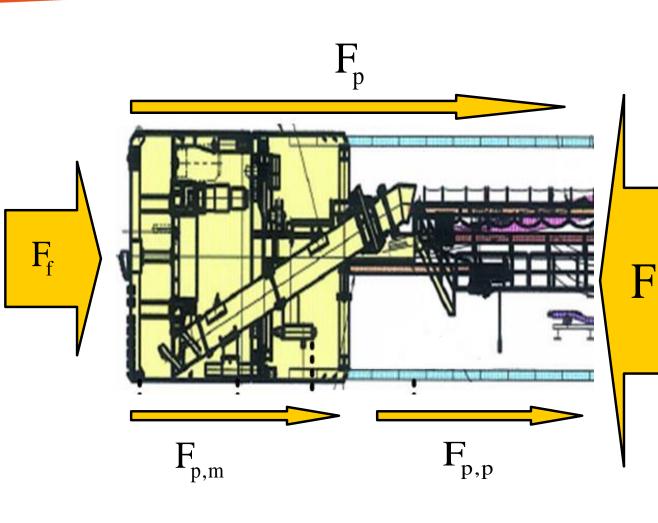
$$(1+\mu)\xi^{*} (k_d+n)/k_d - \mu\xi_{*}^{n(k_p-1)/k_p} = \gamma$$

$$\xi_* = \xi_* \left(E, \upsilon(or G), q_u, \phi, \phi^*, \beta_i, \sigma_c \right)$$

$$\frac{P}{q} = \frac{1}{K_p - 1} \left\{ \frac{(n+1) \cdot K_p}{K_p + n} \cdot \xi_*^{n \cdot (K_p - 1)/K_p} \cdot -1 \right\}$$

$$F_{i} = (3-n) \cdot \pi^{n-1} \cdot P(\frac{d}{\tan \beta})$$





Equilibrium Balance +

Breakage Force = F : Resistances during Trenchless Excavation

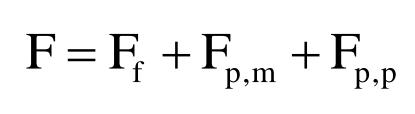
$$F = F_f + F_{p,m} + F_{p,p}$$

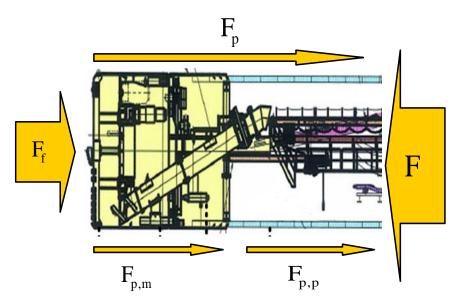
$$F_{f} = \sum_{j=1}^{m} n_{j} \cdot f_{j} + P_{s} \cdot A$$

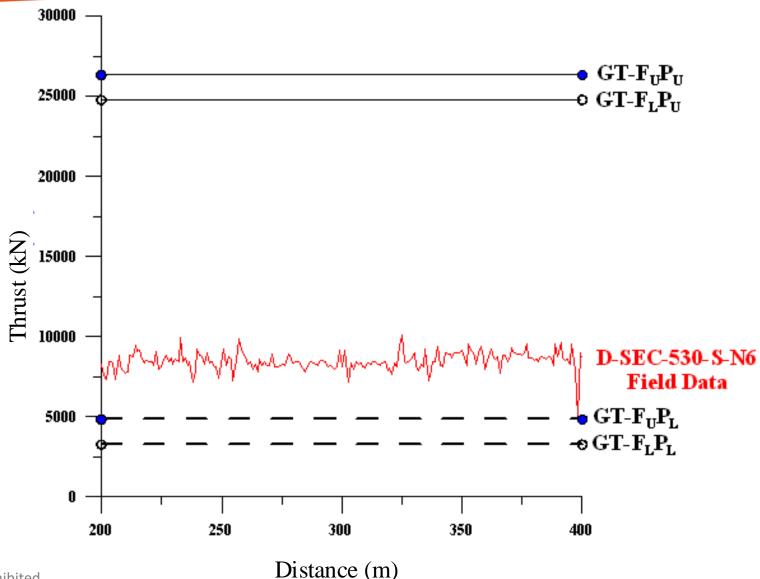
$$F_{p,m} = (W_m' + W_s) [2(\cos\beta)(\sin\theta_m)\mu_m + \sin\beta]$$

$$F_{p,p} = W_p \left[2(\cos\beta)(\sin\theta_p)\mu_p + \cdot \sin\beta \right] L_p$$



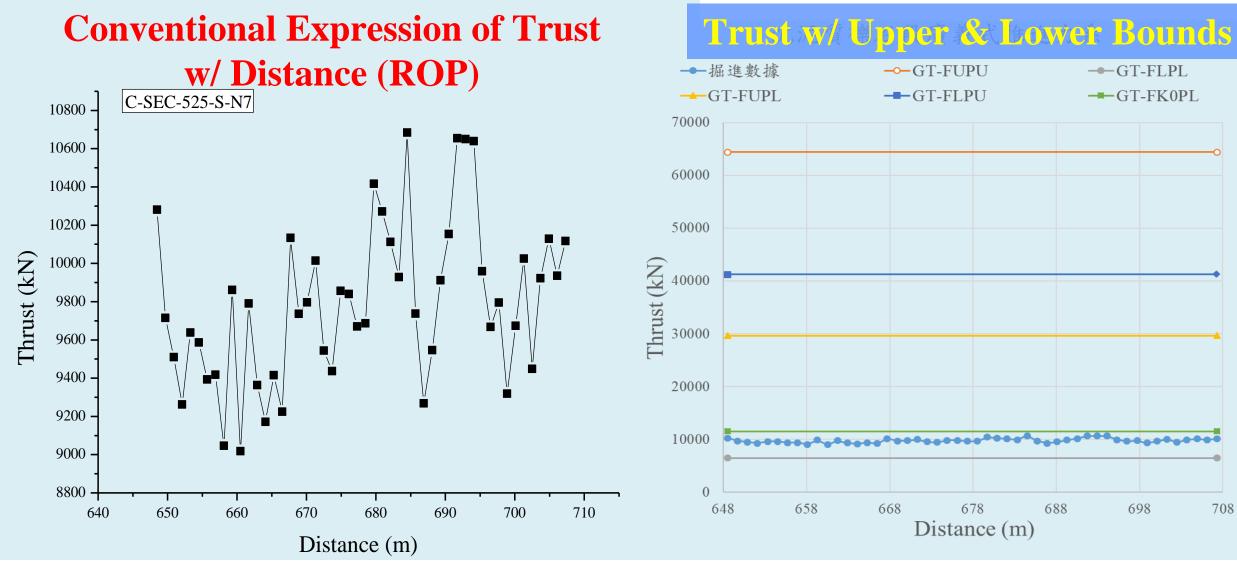






Contact Mechanics -- Trust w/ Upper & Lower Bounds for the Design Stage: Case of Gravel







Dimensional analysis Π Theory

$$I_{cut} = f(E, v, \gamma, c, \phi, \sigma_c, \sigma_t, \sigma_0, r, Th, Tq, W)$$

 $n = 12$; $k = 3$ F, L, T (基本因次)

[E]=FL⁻² [
$$\nu$$
]=1 [γ]=FL⁻³
[c]=FL⁻² [φ]=1 [σ_c]=FL⁻²
[σ_t]=FL⁻² [σ_0]=FL⁻² [r]=L
[Th]=F [Tq]=FL [W]=FL⁻¹T²

$$[\nu], [\varphi]=1$$
 (dimensionless)

[E], [c],
$$[\sigma_c]$$
, $[\sigma_t]$, $[\sigma_0]$ =FL⁻²

[Tq]=FL [γ]=FL⁻³

(force & length)

[W]=FL⁻¹T² (force or length & time)



Dimensional analysis

$$\Pi_{10} = \text{Th} \quad r^{a} \quad \sigma_{c}^{b} \quad W^{c}
F^{0}L^{0}T^{0} = (F) \quad (L)^{a} \quad (FL^{-2})^{b} \quad (FL^{-1}T^{2})^{c}
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F^{0}L^{0}T^{0} = (FL) \quad (L)^{a} \quad (FL^{-2})^{b} \quad (FL^{-1}T^{2})^{c}$$

1 + b+ c = 0 (F, Force)
a - 2b - c = 0 (L, Length)

$$2c = 0$$
 (T, Time)

$$1 + b + c = 0$$
 (F)
 $1 + a - 2b - c = 0$ (L)
 $2c = 0$ (T)

Obtain: a = -2, b = -1, c = 0

Obtain: a = -3, b=-1, c=0

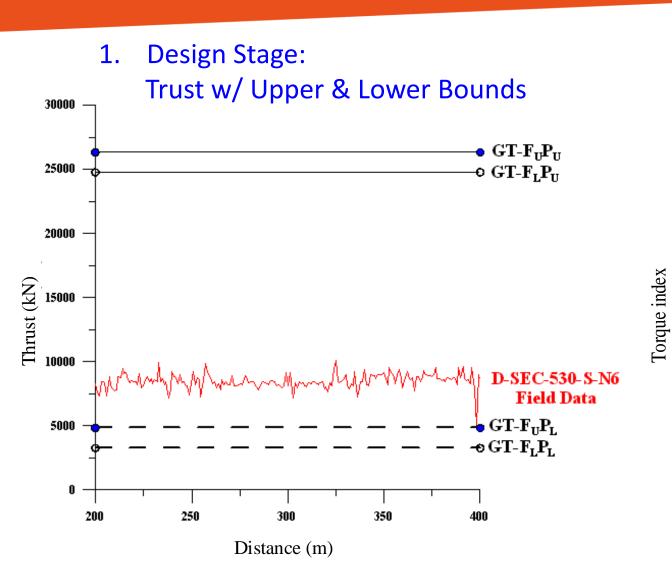
$$\Pi_{10} = Th^* = \frac{Th}{r^2\sigma_c}$$
 Torqu $\Pi_{11} = Tq^* = \frac{Tq}{r^3\sigma_c}$

$$\Pi_{11} = \mathbf{T}\mathbf{q}^* = \frac{\mathbf{T}\mathbf{q}}{\mathbf{r}^3\mathbf{\sigma}_{\mathbf{c}}}$$

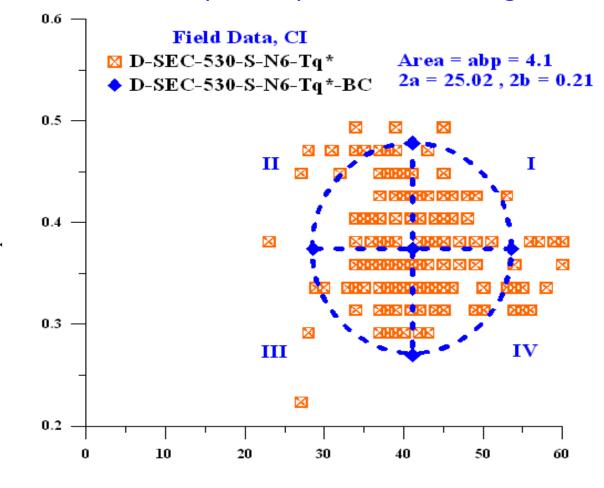
Note that: meansNormalized

Contact Mechanics & its Normalized Indices: Proposed 2 Cutting Diagrams for both Design & Construction Stages...





2. Construction Stage: Ellipse-shape Excavation Diagram

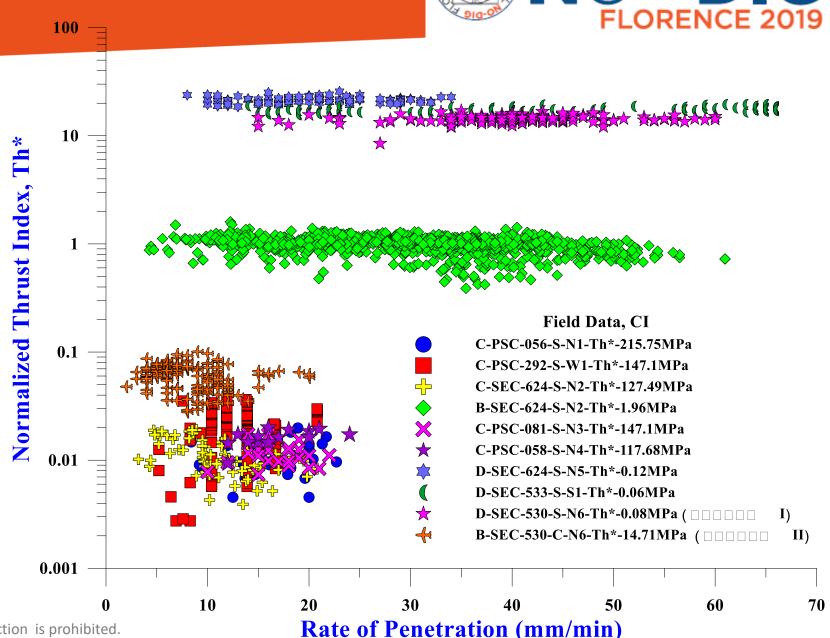


Rate of penetration, ROP (mm/min)

Proposed Clustering Excavation Diagram during construction period...



Proposed
Clustering Diagram
w.r.t. Different
Geo-Materials





2. Data-driven Approach: Machine Learning

- Identification: Cutting Process & Indices above
- Prediction: Geo-conditions ahead of Cutting Face

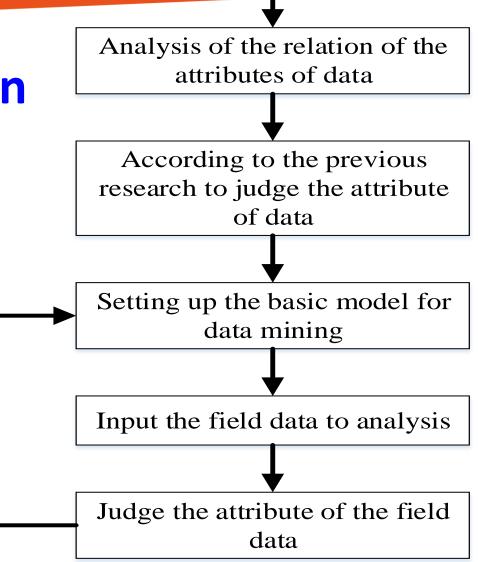
Trenchless with Machine Learning

Get the original data from the field, and modify it to suit the machine learning software



Process of data-driven approach

Extend the model to increase the accuracy



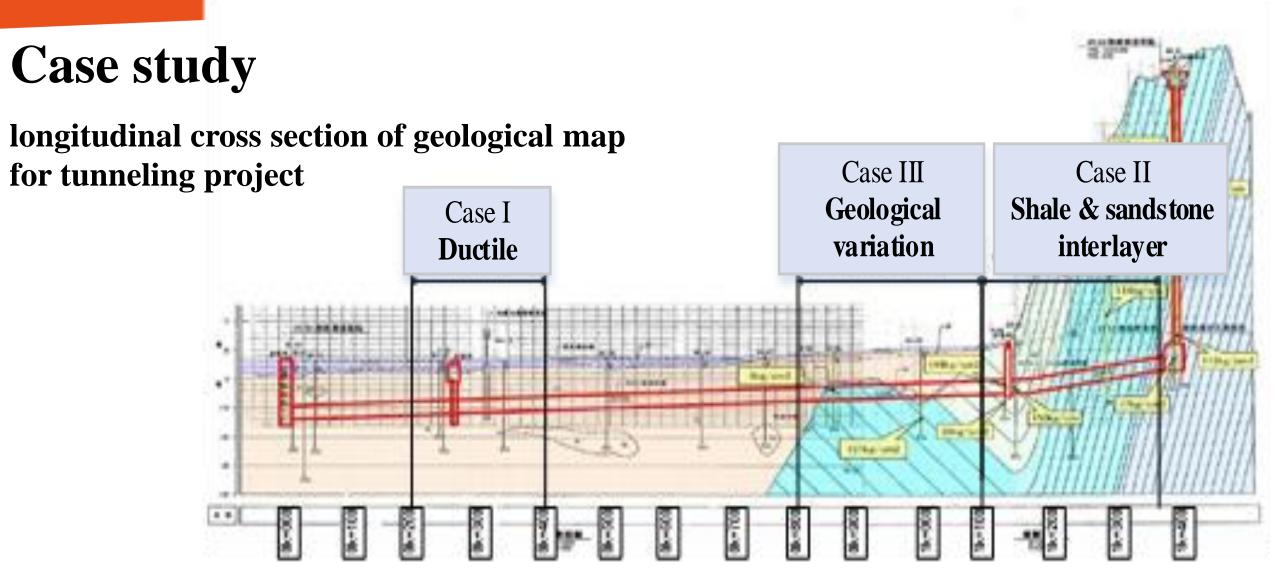


Case study (Taipei, Taiwan)









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Principal Component Analysis:

K-means Clustering

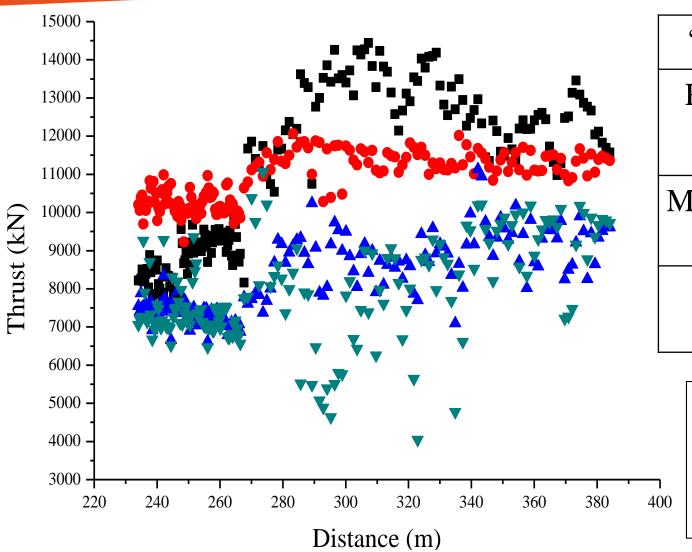
| Coefficient correlation | The attribute | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 0.9871 | Thrust index | | |
| 0.9181 | Torque index | | |
| 0.8439 | Torque ratio | | |
| 0.8439 | Torque | | |
| 0.8222 | Rate of penetration | | |
| 0.7635 | Earth pressure | | |
| 0.5419 | The amount of conveyed soil | | |
| 0.1427 | The rotation speed of screw conveyor | | |
| 0.0823 | Thrust | | |
| 0.0257 | The pressure of screw conveyor | | |



| Weight | Top 5 attribute | | |
|--------|--|--|--|
| 0.73 | Torque ratio, Torque, Thrust, Rate of penetration, Thrust index | | |
| 0.56 | Thrust index, Torque index, Torque ratio, Torque, Thrust | | |
| 0.40 | The rotation speed of screw conveyor, The amount of conveyed soil, Earth pressure, Rate of penetration, Torque | | |
| 0.27 | Torque, Thrust, Rate of penetration, Earth pressure, The amount of conveyed soil | | |
| 0.18 | The pressure of screw conveyor, The amount of conveyed soil, Thrust, Torque ratio, Torque | | |
| 0.11 | Earth pressure, The amount of conveyed soil, The pressure of screw conveyor, Rate of penetration, The rotation speed of screw conveyor | | |
| 0.05 | Thrust, Rate of penetration, Earth pressure, The pressure of screw conveyor, Torque index | | |

Trenchless Cutting w/ Machine Learning: 3 Argorithms show Error(s) as Signals to Predict the Change in Geo-Materials





| "Error" as Signals | M5P | LR | MP |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Root Mean Square Error, RMSE | 1645.1 | 3085.0 | 3718.3 |
| Mean Absolute Error, MAE | 1427.0 | 2663.3 | 3022.6 |
| Correlation Coefficient, CC | 0.79 | 0.71 | 0.22 |

- Real Data
- M5P (Decision tree)
- Linear Regression
- MultilayerPerceptron (Neural Network)

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